



Shaken

- Given the breathtaking drawdown in US equity markets, and fixed income yield and price volatility, we believe the term that best captures the current market tone is shaken.
- The absolute level of tax-free munis in the 20-30 year area of the curve is now approaching 5.00%, or a taxable equivalent yield of almost 10.00%.
- Retroactively removing the tax-exemption of munis would likely violate the Federalist underpinnings of the 10th Amendment.
- While it is often difficult in times of uncertainty and market stress to take advantage of market
 dislocations like we are seeing now, history has shown that doing so can be a meaningful source of
 wealth creation as investors seek to reach their long-term investment goals in the years ahead.

As we consider the impact of the dramatic weakening of consumer sentiment in Q1, the possibility of widespread global tariff implementation by the US, increased probability of a US recession, the breathtaking drawdown in US equity markets, fixed income yield and price volatility, we believe the term that best captures the current market tone is shaken. Confidence appears to be leaking, if not racing out, of almost every asset class, at a pace harkening back to the darkest days of COVID. We are reminded, in this moment, of the importance of disciplined and diversified asset allocation, together with a steadfast commitment to one's long-term investment horizon. Deviation from these essential tenets can be disastrous in terms of achieving one's investment objectives over time. For example, investors entered Q1 with the highest exposure to equities and the lowest exposure to fixed income in over a decade, according to Morningstar¹. With the benefit of hindsight, we now see that investor asset allocations were sub-optimally positioned for the current market environment, vigorous portfolio rebalancing may not have been systematically applied as equity values surged by roughly 50% over the past two years and roughly 90% in the past five years.



While investors should be comforted by the fact that high-grade fixed income has helped preserve principal for investors during Q1, that may be little consolation for those with large exposures to high beta instruments. Municipal bond investors have also not been immune to recent market volatility. The flight to quality in the Treasury market, together with significant seasonal, tax-time selling by retail investors. seeking to make tax payments by April 15, has caused municipal bonds to underperform Treasuries yearto-date. For example, amidst the chaotic market gyrations just yesterday, April 7th, Treasury yields rose by roughly 30 basis points (bps), from intraday lows, yet municipal bond yields rose by 35 bps. Tax-free muni yields, on longer duration bonds, are now approaching 100% of the yield on taxable US Treasuries. Given that munis are tax-exempt and Treasury bonds are taxable, the 100% ratio has typically represented a very attractive entry point for investors as the tax-exemption is clearly being undervalued, in our view. Moreover, the absolute level of tax-free munis in the 20-30 year area of the curve is now approaching 5.00%, or a taxable equivalent yield of almost 10.00% for someone in the highest tax bracket. The selloff in munis, is due in part to investor fears that the tax-exemption of munis is at risk of revocation by Congress, to help pay for the extension of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. At CIM, we consider that outcome as an extremely low probability event, given the estimated revenue created would be roughly \$250 billion over the next 10 years, while the higher borrowing costs that state and local governments would incur is estimated to exceed \$800 billion. In addition, a recent National Law Review article clearly lays out that retroactively removing the tax-exemption of munis would likely violate the Federalist underpinnings of the 10th Amendment, thereby making the removal of the tax-exemption unconstitutional at face value. However, Congress does have the authority to restrict the issuance of tax-exempt bonds on a going forward basis. In the event Congress chose to remove the tax-exemption of all future muni bond issuance, doing so would dramatically increase the value of outstanding tax-free bonds, in our view. As we consider the underlying credit quality of the municipal issuers we hold on behalf of clients, we are reminded that very little has changed in the past few days, weeks, or months that would jeopardize the stable outlook for municipal credit quality more broadly.

The main question we have been fielding from many investors of late is very straight forward. What should we do now? If one's investment horizon remains long-term in nature, we recommend revisiting your asset allocations to be sure your current portfolio properly represents your risk tolerance, consistent with your long-term goals. If you are properly allocated there is likely nothing one must do. While it is often easier said than done, we encourage investors to remain calm when faced with the volume of current market noise we are experiencing. For investors who have been fortunate to accumulate cash, we recommend locking in higher yields, especially those available on municipal bonds, as we expect the muni market to normalize at lower yields in the weeks and months ahead. While it is often difficult in times of uncertainty and market stress to take advantage of market dislocations like we are seeing now, history has shown that doing so can be a meaningful source of wealth creation as investors seek to reach their long-term investment goals in the years ahead.

If you should have any questions regarding this commentary or where we are finding the best values today, please do not hesitate to reach out to us.

Kindest Regards,

Andrew Clinton CEO

 $^{^{1}} Morning star: How Far Out-of-Wack are Fund Investors's Asset Allocations? \$800 \ Billion, Give or Take$



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